

**II B. TECH I SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS, MARCH - 2022**  
**ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS**  
**(ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)**

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

**Note: Answer ONE question from each unit (5 × 14 = 70 Marks)**

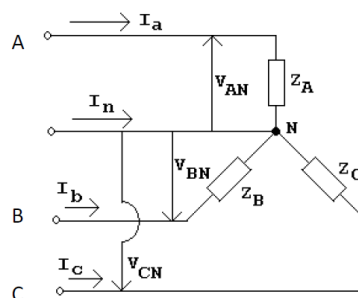
~~~~~

**UNIT-I**

1. a) Draw phasor diagram of currents for a balanced delta-connected supply system and establish relation between line currents and phase currents. [7M]
- b) A balanced three phase load of  $20+j10 \Omega$  per phase is connected in delta across 440V, 3 phase supply. Determine line currents, phase currents & Total active power. Also draw the phasor diagram. [7M]

(OR)

2. a) Draw phasor diagram of currents for a balanced star-connected supply system and establish relation between line currents and phase currents. [7M]
- b) The unbalanced star connected load shown in figure has balanced voltages of 100 V with ABC sequence. Calculate the line currents and neutral currents. Take  $Z_A = 15\Omega$ ,  $Z_B = (10 + j5)\Omega$ ,  $Z_C = (6-j8)\Omega$ . [7M]



**UNIT-II**

3. a) Discuss the transient analysis of RLC series circuit excited by DC voltage. [7M]
- b) In a series RLC circuit  $L=0.3$  H, and  $C=4$  F. A DC voltage of 50 V is applied at  $t=0$ . Obtain an expression for current  $i(t)$  in the circuit, when (i)  $R= 5$  ohms (ii)  $R= 6$  ohms [7M]

(OR)

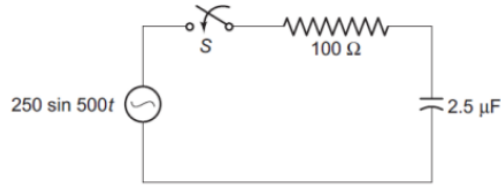
4. a) Explain the geometrical interpretation of initial conditions and their derivatives [7M]
- b) In a series RLC circuit,  $R=6$  ohms,  $L=2$  H,  $C=2$  F. A DC voltage of 50 V is applied at  $t=0$ . Obtain the expression for  $i(t)$  using differential equation approach. [7M]

**UNIT-III**

5. a) Derive the expression for transient response in series R-L-C circuit for AC excitation. Obtain the solution using Laplace transforms. [6M]
- b) A series RL circuit in which  $R = 50$  ohm and  $L = 0.2$ H has a sinusoidal voltage as source  $V = 150 \sin (500t + \Phi)$  volts applied at a time when  $\Phi = 0$ . Find the complete current. [8M]

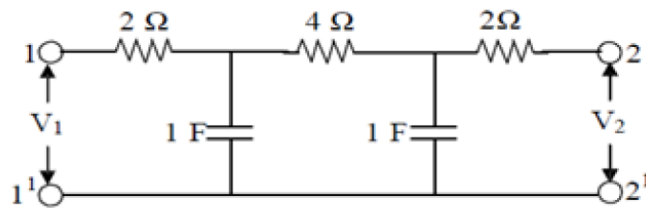
(OR)

6. a) Distinguish between classical and Laplace transform method of solution of a network [5M]  
 b) A series  $R-C$  circuit with  $R = 100$  ohms and  $C = 2.5 \mu\text{F}$  as shown in below Figure, has a sinusoidal voltage  $250 \sin 500t$ . Find the current using Laplace transforms assuming that there is no initial charge on the capacitor. [9M]



UNIT-IV

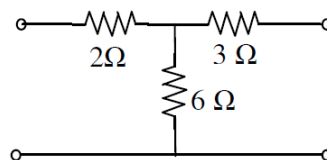
7. a) Derive ABCD Parameters for the network shown in figure as a cascade connection of two identical networks [7M]  
 connection of two identical networks



- b) Derive the condition of symmetry and reciprocity for ABCD parameters of given two port network [7M]

(OR)

8. a) Express hybrid parameters as a function of transmission parameters. [7M]  
 b) Find the hybrid parameters of the network shown in Figure. [7M]



UNIT-V

9. a) Obtain the Cauer form I realization of  $F(S)=2(S+1)(S+3)/S(S+2)$  [7M]  
 b) State and explain the properties of L-C immittance functions, deriving necessary expressions. [7M]

(OR)

10. a) Determine the Foster I form of realization of the RC impedance function. [7M]

$$Z(s) = \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$$

- b) Diagnose whether the following impedance function represents a RL or RC network and find its Cauer form. [7M]

$$Z(s) = \frac{(s+4)(s+6)}{(s+3)(s+5)}$$

\*\*\*\*\*